UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA FLORENCE DIVISION

Winston D. Fields, #184660,) C/A No. 4:09-2645-JFA-TER
	Petitioner,)
vs.))REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION
Lavern Cohen, Warden RCI,)
	Respondent.)
)

Petitioner, Winston D. Fields ("petitioner/Fields"), is currently incarcerated at Ridgeland Correctional Institution.¹ Petitioner appearing *pro se*, filed his petition for a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254² on October 13, 2009. Respondent filed a motion for summary judgment on December 14, 2009, along with supporting memorandum and exhibits. The undersigned issued an order filed December 15, 2009, pursuant to <u>Roseboro v. Garrison</u>, 528 F.2d 309 (4th Cir. 1975), advising petitioner of the motion for summary judgment procedure and the possible consequences if he failed to respond adequately. Petitioner's response was due on or before January 19, 2010. (See doc. #10). No response has been filed by petitioner to respondent's motion for summary judgment.

II. RULE 41(B) DISMISSAL

A complaint may be dismissed pursuant to Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure for

¹ The petitioner has not provided the court with any change of address.

² This habeas corpus case was automatically referred to the undersigned United States magistrate judge pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Rule 19.02 (B)(2)(c), DSC. Because this is a dispositive motion, this report and recommendation is entered for review by the district judge.

failure to prosecute and/or failure to comply with orders of the court. Ballard v. Carlson, 882 F.2d 93 (4th

Cir. 1989), cert. denied, 493 U.S. 1084 (1990), and Chandler Leasing Corp. v. Lopez, 669 F.2d 919 (4th Cir.

1982). In considering whether to dismiss an action pursuant to Rule 41(b), the court is required to consider

four factors:

(1) the degree of plaintiff's responsibility in failing to respond;

(2) the amount of prejudice to the defendant;

(3) the history of the plaintiff in proceeding in a dilatory manner; and,

(4) the existence of less drastic sanctions other than dismissal.

Davis v. Williams, 588 F.2d 69 (4th Cir. 1978).

In the present case, the petitioner is proceeding <u>prose</u> so he is entirely responsible for his actions.

It is solely through petitioner's neglect, and not that of an attorney, that no responses have been filed.

Petitioner has not responded to respondent's motion for summary judgment or the court's order requiring

him to respond. No other reasonable sanctions are available. Accordingly, it is recommended that this

action be dismissed pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 41(b).

III. CONCLUSION

As set out above, a review of the record indicates that the petition should be dismissed for failure

to prosecute. It is, therefore,

RECOMMENDED that the petition be dismissed for failure to prosecute pursuant to Fed. R. Civ.

Proc. 41(b) with prejudice.

Respectfully submitted,

s/Thomas E. Rogers, III

Thomas E. Rogers, III

United States Magistrate Judge

February 22, 2010

Florence, South Carolina

The parties' attention is directed to the important information on the attached notice.